TENNESSEE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FISCAL REVIEW COMMITTEE



FISCAL MEMORANDUM

HB 1794 – SB 1983

March 25, 2014

SUMMARY OF ORIGINAL BILL: Removes Class C misdemeanor penalty for carrying a firearm for persons not prohibited by law from carrying or possessing a firearm. Increases the penalty, from a Class C misdemeanor to a Class B misdemeanor, for a first offense for any person that carries a firearm when such person is prohibited by law from carrying or possessing a firearm; and from a Class B misdemeanor to a Class A misdemeanor, for any second and subsequent offenses. Adds language requiring a fine up to a maximum of \$5,000, for persons convicted of a Class A misdemeanor for carrying a firearm when prohibited by law from carrying or possessing a firearm, when the carrying or possessing of the firearm occurred at a place open to the public where one or more persons were present.

CORRECTED FISCAL IMPACT OF ORIGINAL BILL:

Decrease State Revenue –

\$2,231,400/Department of Safety/FY14-15 and Subsequent Years \$201,600/TBI/FY14-15 and Subsequent Years

Decrease State Expenditures –

\$1,625,000/Department of Safety/FY14-15 and Subsequent Years

Decrease Local Revenue -

\$201,600/FY14-15 and Subsequent Years

Other Fiscal Impact – Some secondary economic impacts may occur as a result of this bill; however, any such secondary economic impacts are dependent upon several unknown factors and cannot be reasonably quantified.

SUMMARY OF AMENDMENT (015141): Makes a technical correction to the original bill; adds language to the original bill that removes two exceptions to the offense of unlawful carrying or possessing of a weapon involving certain persons that transport a rifle or shotgun in or on a privately-owned motor vehicle and the rifle or shotgun does not have ammunition in the chamber or cylinder; adds language to the original bill that removes the defense to carrying or possessing of a weapon, when the possession or carrying of an unloaded rifle, shotgun or handgun not concealed on or about the person and the ammunition for the weapon was not in the immediate vicinity of the person or weapon; adds language to the original bill that removes the defense to carrying or possessing of a weapon, when person is engaged in the lawful protection of livestock from predatory animals.

FISCAL IMPACT OF BILL WITH PROPOSED AMENDMENT:

Unchanged from the corrected fiscal note.

Assumptions for the bill as amended:

- Based on information provided by the Department of Safety, the fiscal impact for the bill as amended is unchanged from the corrected fiscal impact for the original bill.
- According to DOS, an estimated 53,760 new handgun carry permit applications and 87,120 handgun carry permit renewals are processed each year.
- The fee for a new handgun carry permit is \$115.
- From every new permit fee paid, \$15 is allocated to the applicable sheriff's department; \$15 is allocated to the Tennessee Bureau of Investigation (TBI) for conducting background checks; and the remaining \$85 is retained by the Handgun Carry Permit Division of the DOS.
- The renewal fee for a handgun carry permit is \$50.
- One hundred percent of renewal fee revenue is retained by the Handgun Carry Permit Division of the DOS.
- Based on information provided by DOS, this bill is expected to result in a 25 percent reduction in new handgun carry permit applications and a 25 percent reduction in handgun carry permit renewals as individuals, who would otherwise obtain or renew handgun carry permits under current law, elect to openly carry handguns under the provisions of this bill as amended.
- The recurring decrease in state revenue to DOS is estimated to be \$2,231,400 [(53,760 x 25% x \$85 DOS portion of new fee) + (87,120 x 25% x \$50 renewal fee)].
- The recurring decrease in state revenue to TBI is estimated to be \$201,600 (53,760 x 25% x \$15 TBI portion of new fee).
- The recurring decrease in local revenue is estimated to be \$201,600 (53,760 x 25% x \$15 local portion of new fee).
- Budgeted expenditures for the Handgun Carry Permit Division are approximately \$6,500,000 for FY13-14 based on anticipated fee revenue.
- DOS estimates that administrative expenditures for the Handgun Carry Permit Division could be reduced by one-quarter (25 percent), or approximately \$1,625,000 each year, as a result of issuing 25 percent less permits and renewals. Therefore, the recurring decrease in state expenditures for DOS beginning in FY14-15 is estimated to be \$1,625,000.
- Based on information provided by the Administrative Office of the Courts, any net change in the number of cases occurring as a result of this bill is considered not significant.
- Based on the Fiscal Review Committee's 2008 study of incarceration costs and fines, collection of fines for misdemeanor offenses is negligible. There will not be a significant increase in revenue as a result of the proposed penalty changes for these specified offenses.

• There could be some secondary economic impacts occur as a result of this bill such as increased sales for handguns, ammunition, and accessories, as well as reductions in handgun carry permit classes. However, any such secondary economic impact cannot be reasonably quantified.

CERTIFICATION:

The information contained herein is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Lucian D. Geise, Executive Director

/rnc